Day 2- Continued

Example 4: Find all possible value(s) of b such that  $h(x) = -6x^2 - 24x + b$  is tangent to the function  $g(x) = 3x^4$ .

Example 5: Predict an equation for the graph shown below.



Example 6: Determine the value(s) of x such that  $\frac{2x-1}{x^2-1} \le 1$ 

Example 7: a) Find the domain of the function  $f(x) = \sqrt{2x+4} - \sqrt{x+1}$ 

- b) Find the x-intercepts of  $f(x) = \sqrt{2x+4} \sqrt{x+1}$
- c) Find the range of the function  $f(x) = \sqrt{2x+4} \sqrt{x+1}$

Example 8: Find all solutions to the equation |x-3|+2|x+1|=8

Day 2- Problems- No calculators All answers should be in exact form

- a) Find the equation of the tangent to the curve y = <sup>4</sup>/<sub>x<sup>2</sup></sub> at the point (2,1).
  b) Find the point at which this tangent intersects the curve y = <sup>4</sup>/<sub>x<sup>2</sup></sub> again.
  c) Find the equations of any tangent to the curve y = <sup>4</sup>/<sub>x<sup>2</sup></sub> which passes through the point Q(2,0). Note: Q is not on the curve
- 2. Given that the graph of  $y = ax^3 + bx^2 + 4x 12$  touches the x-axis at x= -2, find the values of *a*,*b* and find the other zero.
- 3. The function  $f(x) = ax^3 + bx^2 3x 2$  leaves a remainder of 24 when divided by x 2 and it is known that x + 1 is a factor of f(x).
  - a) Find a and b.
  - b) Determine the intervals when f(x) > 0
  - c) Determine the intervals when f(x) is increasing

4. Determine the intervals where 
$$\frac{x^2 - 8}{x - x^2} - x \le 0$$

- 5. Find the value(s) of *c* and *a* so that  $y = cx^3 2x^2 + 3x$  has a tangent at the point (1, *a*+1) whose slope is 5. Find where the tangent meets the curve again.
- 6. Solve:  $|x-1| \ge 2x-5$
- 7. a) For which interval is  $|2x+5| |x+1| \ge 0$ b) Find the domain, range of the function f(x) = |2x+5| - |x+1|
- 8. Solve for *x*
- a)  $x(x-2)^{\frac{-1}{3}} 2(x-2)^{\frac{2}{3}} = 4 x$
- b)  $\sqrt{2x+5} \sqrt{x-1} = 2$
- c)  $\sqrt{2x+5} \sqrt{x-1} < 2$
- 9. When a quartic polynomial function P(x) is divided by  $x^2 3x + 7$ , the quotient is  $x^2 + x 1$  but the remainder is unknown. However, when the same function P(x) is divided by x 2, the remainder is 29 and when it is divided by x + 1, the remainder is -16. Find the equation of P(x).